European Community Directive on the Conservation of Natural Habitats and of Wild Fauna and Flora (92/43/EEC)

Fourth Report by the United Kingdom under Article 17

on the implementation of the Directive from January 2013 to December 2018

Supporting documentation for the conservation status assessment for the habitat:

H2170 - Dunes with Salix repens ssp. argentea (Salicion arenariae)

SCOTLAND

IMPORTANT NOTE - PLEASE READ

- The information in this document is a country-level contribution to the UK Report on the conservation status of this habitat, submitted to the European Commission as part of the 2019 UK Reporting under Article 17 of the EU Habitats Directive.
- The 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document provides details on how this supporting information was used to produce the UK Report.
- The UK Report on the conservation status of this habitat is provided in a separate document.
- The reporting fields and options used are aligned to those set out in the European Commission guidance.
- Explanatory notes (where provided) by the country are included at the end. These provide an audit trail of relevant supporting information.
- Some of the reporting fields have been left blank because either: (i) there was insufficient information to complete the field; (ii) completion of the field was not obligatory; and/or (iii) the field was only relevant at UK-level (sections 10 Future prospects and 11 Conclusions).
- For technical reasons, the country-level future trends for Range, Area covered by habitat and Structure and functions are only available in a separate spreadsheet that contains all the country-level supporting information.
- The country-level reporting information for all habitats and species is also available in spreadsheet format.

Visit the JNCC website, https://jncc.gov.uk/article17, for further information on UK Article 17 reporting.

NATIONAL LEVEL

1. General information

1.1 Member State	UK (Scotland information only)
1.2 Habitat code	2170 - Dunes with Salix repens ssp. argentea (Salicion arenariae)

2. Maps

2.1 Year or period	1987-2012
2.3 Distribution map	Yes

2.3 Distribution map Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

2.4 Additional maps

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

3. Biogeographical and marine regions

3.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the habitat occurs

Atlantic (ATL)

3.2 Sources of information

The Sand Dune Vegetation Survey of Scotland, Tom Dargie 1994-2000 National Report

Janine M Morris, Site Condition Monitoring of Coastal Habitats. (National Contract, Year 2009-2010) and Site Condition Monitoring of Coastal Habitats (National Contract, Year 2010-2011). Contract No: 25639

SNH Site Condition Monitoring results Cycle 3 (from 1 April 2012): see Scotland's environment website. [From the website Detailed tab, select Coastal features by clicking the Feature filter on the left of the screen, then Feature Category= Coast. Data can be exported to spreadsheet by right clicking the table at the bottom of the screen, then Export, then Export Table. Cycle 3 assessments can be seen by filtering the spreadsheet on the 'LatestAssessedSCMcycle' column].

http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/pdf/Article17Consult 20131010/H2170 SCOTLAND.pdf

4. Range

- 4.1 Surface area (in km²)
- 4.2 Short-term trend Period
- 4.3 Short-term trend Direction
- 4.4 Short-term trend Magnitude
- 4.5 Short-term trend Method used
- 4.6 Long-term trend Period
- 4.7 Long-term trend Direction
- 4.8 Long-term trend Magnitude
- 4.9 Long-term trend Method used
- 4.10 Favourable reference range

- Stable (0)
- a) Minimum

b) Maximum

- a) Minimum
- b) Maximum
- a) Area (km²)
- b) Operator
- c) Unknown No
- d) Method

No change

The change is mainly due to:

4.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

4.12 Additional information

5. Area covered by habitat

5.1 Year or period	1987-2012		
5.2 Surface area (in km²)	a) Minimum	b) Maximum	c) Best single 1.7 value
5.3 Type of estimate	Best estimate		
5.4 Surface area Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data		
5.5 Short-term trend Period	2007-2016		
5.6 Short-term trend Direction	Unknown (x)		
5.7 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum	b) Maximum	c) Confidence interval
5.8 Short-term trend Method used	Insufficient or no data available		
5.9 Long-term trend Period			
5.10 Long-term trend Direction			
5.11 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum	b) Maximum	c) Confidence interval
5.12 Long-term trend Method used			
5.13 Favourable reference area	a) Area (km²) b) Operator		

5.14 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

d) Method No change

c) Unknown

The change is mainly due to:

No

5.15 Additional information

6. Structure and functions

a) Area in good condition (km²)	Minimum 0.1	Maximum 0.4	
b) Area in not-good condition (km²)	Minimum 0	Maximum 0	
c) Area where condition is not known (km²)	Minimum 1.3	Maximum 1.6	
Based mainly on expert opin	nion with very limited d	ata	
2007-2016			
Unknown (x)			
Insufficient or no data availa	able		
Has the list of typical specie	s changed in compariso	on to the previous No	
reporting period?			
	(km²) b) Area in not-good condition (km²) c) Area where condition is not known (km²) Based mainly on expert opin 2007-2016 Unknown (x) Insufficient or no data availa Has the list of typical specie	(km²) b) Area in not-good Minimum 0 condition (km²) c) Area where condition is Minimum 1.3 not known (km²) Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited d 2007-2016 Unknown (x) Insufficient or no data available Has the list of typical species changed in compariso	

7. Main pressures and threats

7.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

7.2 Sources of information

7.3 Additional information

8. Conservation measures

8.1 Status of measures

a) Are measures needed?

No

b) Indicate the status of measures

8.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

8.3 Location of the measures taken

8.4 Response to the measures

8.5 List of main conservation measures

Reinstate appropriate agricultural practices to address abandonment, including mowing, grazing, burning or equivalent measures (CA04)

Manage changes in hydrological and coastal systems and regimes for construction and development (CF10)

Management, control or eradication of other invasive alien species (CI03)

Reduce impact of multi-purpose hydrological changes (CJ02)

Restore habitats impacted by multi-purpose hydrological changes (CJ03)

Management of habitats (others than agriculture and forest) to slow, stop or reverse natural processes (CLO1)

8.6 Additional information

9. Future prospects

9.1 Future prospects of parameters

- a) Range
- b) Area
- c) Structure and functions

9.2 Additional information

10. Conclusions

10.1. Range

10.2. Area

10.3. Specific structure and functions

(incl. typical species)

10.4. Future prospects

10.5 Overall assessment of

Conservation Status

10.6 Overall trend in Conservation

Status

10.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and

conservation status trend

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

10.8 Additional information

11. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs, SACs) coverage for Annex I habitat types

11.1 Surface area of the habitat type
inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs
network (in km² in biogeographical/
marine region)

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

c) Best single value 0.02

11.2 Type of estimate

11.3 Surface area of the habitat type inside the network Method used

11.4 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition within the network Direction

11.5 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition within network Method used

11.6 Additional information

Best estimate

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

Unknown (x)

Insufficient or no data available

12. Complementary information

12.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

12.2 Other relevant information

Distribution Map

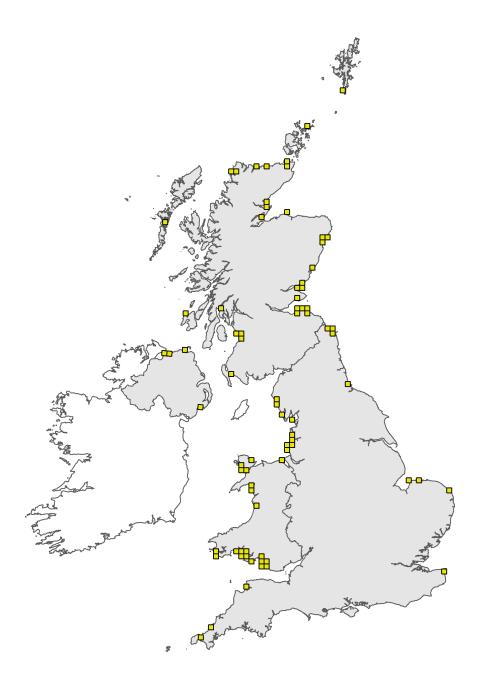


Figure 1: UK distribution map for H2170 - Dunes with *Salix repens* ssp. *argentea* (*Salicion arenariae*). Coastline boundary derived from the Oil and Gas Authority's OGA and Lloyd's Register SNS Regional Geological Maps (Open Source). Open Government Licence v3 (OGL). Contains data © 2017 Oil and Gas Authority.

The 10km grid square distribution map is based on available habitat records which are considered to be representative of the distribution within the current reporting period. For further details see the 2019 Article17 UK Approach document.

Range Map

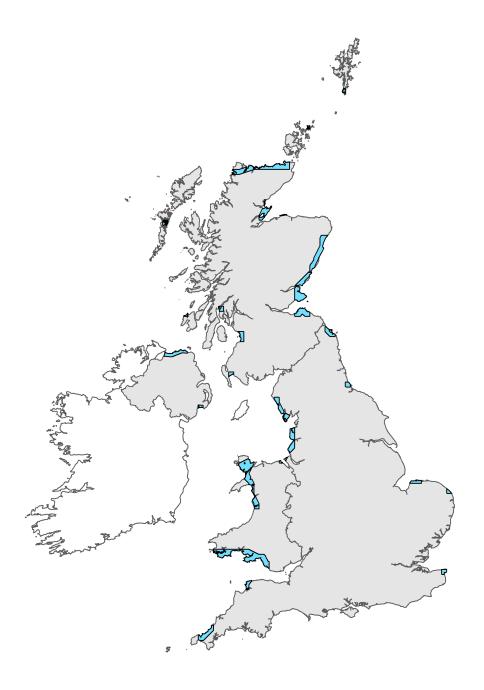


Figure 2: UK range map for H2170 - Dunes with *Salix repens* ssp. *argentea* (*Salicion arenariae*). Coastline boundary derived from the Oil and Gas Authority's OGA and Lloyd's Register SNS Regional Geological Maps (Open Source). Open Government Licence v3 (OGL). Contains data © 2017 Oil and Gas Authority.

The range map has been produced by applying a bespoke range mapping tool for Article 17 reporting (produced by JNCC) to the 10km grid square distribution map presented in Figure 1. The alpha value for this habitat was 25km. For further details see the 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document.