

**European Community Directive  
on the Conservation of Natural Habitats  
and of Wild Fauna and Flora  
(92/43/EEC)**

**Fourth Report by the United Kingdom  
under Article 17**

on the implementation of the Directive  
from January 2013 to December 2018

Conservation status assessment for the species:

**S6965 - Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*)**

**UNITED KINGDOM**

## **IMPORTANT NOTE - PLEASE READ**

- The information in this document represents the UK Report on the conservation status of this species, submitted to the European Commission as part of the 2019 UK Reporting under Article 17 of the EU Habitats Directive.
- It is based on supporting information provided by the geographically-relevant Statutory Nature Conservation Bodies, which is documented separately.
- The 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document provides details on how this supporting information contributed to the UK Report and the fields that were completed for each parameter.
- The reporting fields and options used are aligned to those set out in the European Commission guidance.
- Maps showing the distribution and range of the species are included (where available).
- Explanatory notes (where provided) are included at the end. These provide additional audit trail information to that included within the UK assessments. Further underpinning explanatory notes are available in the related country-level reports.
- Some of the reporting fields have been left blank because either: (i) there was insufficient information to complete the field; (ii) completion of the field was not obligatory; and/or (iii) the field was not relevant to this species (section 12 Natura 2000 coverage for Annex II species).
- The UK-level reporting information for all habitats and species is also available in spreadsheet format.

Visit the JNCC website, <https://jncc.gov.uk/article17>, for further information on UK Article 17 reporting.

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

## NATIONAL LEVEL

### 1. General information

1.1 Member State	UK
1.2 Species code	6965
1.3 Species scientific name	<i>Cottus gobio</i>
1.4 Alternative species scientific name	
1.5 Common name (in national language)	Bullhead

### 2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	1998-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
2.5 Additional maps	No

### 3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No																
3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken?	<table> <tr> <td>a) regulations regarding access to property</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr> <td>b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr> <td>c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr> <td>d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr> <td>e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr> <td>f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr> <td>g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species</td><td>No</td></tr> <tr> <td>h) other measures</td><td>No</td></tr> </table>	a) regulations regarding access to property	No	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	No	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No	h) other measures	No
a) regulations regarding access to property	No																
b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	No																
c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No																
d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No																
e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No																
f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No																
g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No																
h) other measures	No																

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

## BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

### 4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

**Atlantic (ATL)**

4.2 Sources of information

England

Addy, S., Cooksley, S., Dodd, N., Waylen, K., Stockan, J., Byg, A. & Holstead, K. 2016. River restoration and biodiversity: Nature based solutions for restoring rivers in the UK and Republic of Ireland. CREW ref. CRW2014/10

Civan, A., Worrall, F., Jarvie, H.P., Howden, N.J.K. & Burt, T.P. 2018. Forty-year trends in the flux and concentration of phosphorus in British rivers. Journal of Hydrology, 558, 314-327.

Common Standards Monitoring Guidance for Freshwater Fauna 2015

Common Standards Monitoring Guidance for Rivers 2014

Davies, C. E, Shelley, J, Harding, P.T., Mclean, I.F.G, Gardiner, R & Peirson, G (eds.). 2004. Freshwater fishes in Britain. The species and their distribution. Harley Books, Colchester.

Environment Agency 2012. Summary of outcomes of the Review of Consents on water-related SACs. Excel spreadsheet.

Environment Agency fish survey data held on the National Fish Populations Database.

<https://ea.sharefile.com/share/view/s5301a91e00c428a8>

Findlay, J.D.S. 2013. Impacts of signal crayfish on stream fishes. Durham theses, Durham University.

Findlay, J.D.S., Riley, W.D. & M.C. Lucas. 2014. Signal crayfish (*Pacifastacus leniusculus*) predation upon Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*) eggs. Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems. 25. 250-258.

Guan, R-Z. & Wiles, P.R. 1996. Ecological Impact of Introduced Crayfish on Benthic Fishes in a British Lowland River. Conservation Biology, 11, 641-647.

Hatton-Ellis, T. 2018. Procedure for Estimating Population (including Favourable

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

- Reference Population) using 1km Square Resolution Records Data. Interagency freshwater group. (Unpublished).
- Holdich, D.M., James, J., Jackson, C. & Peay, S. 2014. The North American signal crayfish, with particular reference to its success as an invasive species in Great Britain. *Ethology, Ecology & Evolution*, 26, 232-262.
- Knaepkens, G., Bruyndoncx, L., Coeck, J. & Eens, M. 2003. Spawning habitat enhancement in the European bullhead (*Cottus gobio*), an endangered freshwater fish in degraded lowland rivers. *Biodiversity and Conservation*, 13, 2443-2452.
- Langford, T.E., Shaw, P.J., Howard, R.H., Fergusson, A.J.D., Ottewell, D. & Ely, R. 2010. Ecological recovery in a river polluted to its sources: the River Tame in the English Midlands. *Ecology of Industrial Pollution*. Batty, L.C. & Hallberg, K.B. (Eds.). Cambridge University Press.
- Langford, T.E., Worthington, T., Shaw, P., Kemp, P., Woolgar, C., Fergusson, A., Harding, P & Ottewell, D. 2012. The unnatural history of the River Trent: 50 years of ecological recovery. *River Conservation and Management*. Boon, J.P. & Raven, P.J. (Eds.). John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.
- Lorenzoni, M., Carosi, A., Giovannotti, M., La Porta, G., Splendiani, A. & Barucchi, V.C. 2018. Population status of the native *Cottus gobio* after removal of the alien *Salmo trutta*: a case study in two Mediterranean streams (Italy). *Knowl. Manag. Aquat. Ecosyst.*
- Mainstone, C.P., Dils, R.M. and Withers, P.J.A. 2008. Controlling sediment and phosphorus transfer to receiving waters - A strategic management perspective for England and Wales. *Journal of Hydrology*, 350, 131-143.
- Mainstone, C.P. and Holmes, N.T. 2010. Embedding a strategic approach to river restoration in operational management processes - experiences in England. *Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems*. Published online in Wiley InterScience ([www.interscience.wiley.com](http://www.interscience.wiley.com)). DOI: 10.1002/aqc.1095
- Mainstone C.P. 2008. The role of specially designated wildlife sites in freshwater conservation - an English perspective. *Freshwater Reviews*, 1, 89-98.
- Mainstone, C. & Burn, A. 2011. Relationships between ecological objectives and associated decision-making under the Habitats and Water Framework Directives. Discussion paper, Natural England.
- Mainstone, C., Hall, R. & Diak, I. 2016. A narrative for conserving freshwater and wetland habitats in England. Natural England Research Reports, Number 064.
- Mainstone, C.P. & Wheeldon, J. 2016. The physical restoration of English rivers with special designations for wildlife: from concepts to strategic planning and implementation. *Freshwater Reviews*. 8. Pg. 1 - 25.
- Mainstone, C.P. 2016. Developing a coherent narrative for conserving freshwater and wetland habitats: experiences in the UK. *WIREs Water*, published Online: Nov 07 2016. DOI: 10.1002/wat2.1189.
- Mainstone, C.P. 2018. Article 17 Habitats Pro-forma England H3260 for UK aggregation. Natural England
- Mainstone, C.P. 2018. Analysis of Water Framework Directive data for use in Habitats Directive Article 17 reporting on Annex I river habitat (H3260) in England. Supplementary paper for the submission package to Europe, Natural England.
- Maitland, P.S. & Campbell, R.N. 1992. *Freshwater Fishes of the British Isles*. HarperCollins.
- Maria, I., Bernardo, J.M. & Fernandes, S. 2007. Predation of invasive crayfish on aquatic vertebrates: the effect of *Procambarus clarkii* on fish assemblages in Mediterranean temporary streams. *Biological Invaders in Inland Waters*. Gherardi, F. (ed.)

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

- Natural England. 2015. River restoration theme plan. Output from the EU Life project 'Improvement Programme for England's Natura 2000 Sites' (IPENS). Natural England Report number IPENSTP023.
- Nocita, A., Massolo, A., Vannini, M. & Gandolfi, G. 2009. The influence of calcium concentration on the distribution of the river bullhead *Cottus gobio* (Teleostes, Cottidae). *Italian Journal of Zoology*, 76, 348-357.
- Peay, S., Guthrie, N., Spees, J., Nilsson, E. & Bradley, P. 2009. The impact of signal crayfish (*Pacifastacus leniusculus*) on the recruitment of salmonid fish in a headwater stream in Yorkshire, England. *Knowledge and Management of Aquatic Ecosystems*.
- Perrow, M. & Punchard, N. 1997. Habitat preferences of the bullhead (*Cottus gobio*) in some Norfolk rivers. Environment Agency & ECON Ecological Consultancy report.
- Reynolds, J.D. 2011. A review of ecological interactions between crayfish and fish, indigenous and introduced. *Knowledge and Management of Aquatic Ecosystems*. 401, 10.
- Salmon and Freshwater Fishery Act 1975.
- The Keeping and Introduction of Fish (England and River Esk Catchment Area) Regulations 2015.
- Tomlinson, M.L. & Perrow, M.R. 2003. Ecology of the Bullhead. *Conserving Natura 2000 Rivers Ecology Series No.4*. English Nature, Peterborough.
- Utzinger, J., Roth, C. & Peter, A. 1998. Effects of environmental parameters on the distribution of bullhead *Cottus gobio* with particular consideration of the effects of obstructions. *Journal of Applied Ecology*. 35, 882-892.
- Veza, P., Parasiewicz, P., Calles, O., Spairani, M. & Comoglio, C. 2013. Modelling habitat requirements of bullhead (*Cottus gobio*) in Alpine streams. *Aquatic Sciences*.
- Volckaert, F.A.M., Hanfling, B., Hellemans, B & Carvalho, G.R. 2002. Timing of the population dynamics of bullhead *Cottus gobio* (Teleostei: Cottidae) during the Pleistocene. *J. Evol. Biol.* 15, 930-944
- Wales
- Garrett HM. In prep. Afonydd Cleddau SAC Monitoring Summary note. Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*) population condition assessment. Internal report.
- Garrett HM. In prep. River Usk SAC Monitoring Summary note. Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*) population condition assessment. Internal report.
- Garrett HM. 2016. Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*) population condition assessment for River Wye SAC. Habitats Directive reporting cycle 3 2013 - 2018. 22 pp. NRW.
- Dolgellau. Unpublished report.
- Henderson PA, Seaby RM, Somes R. 2007. A review of the status of salmon and bullhead in eight Welsh SAC Rivers. CCW Environmental Monitoring Reports No. 35.
- Interagency Freshwater Group (IAFG). 2017. UK Article 17 reporting. Procedure for estimating population (Inc. Favourable Reference Population) using 1km square resolution records data. December 2017. Interagency Freshwater Group.
- Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC). 2005. Common Standards Monitoring Guidance for Freshwater Fauna, Version - August 2005, ISSN 1743-8160 (Online).
- Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC). 2015. Common Standards Monitoring Guidance for Freshwater Fauna, Version - October 2015, ISSN 1743-8160 (Online).
- JNCC. 2018. Bullhead, SAC selection species account. Available from: <http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/protectedsites/sacselection/species.asp?FeatureIntCode=S1163> (Accessed 10th May 2018).

## Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

- Leah RT. 2003. The ecology and conservation of the fish of Llyn Tegid. Pages 115-138 in Gritten R, Duigan CA, Millband H. Eds. Llyn Tegid Symposium - The ecology, conservation and environmental history of the largest natural lake in Wales. University of Liverpool.
- Maitland PS, Campbell RN. 1992. Freshwater Fishes of the British Isles. Harper Collins, London. 368 pp.
- Thomas Rh. 2010. Bullhead monitoring in the River Dee catchment. CCW Staff Science Report No.09/06/01. CCW, Bangor.
- Thomas Rh, Hatton-Ellis TW, Garrett HM. 2012. Water Quality Assessments for River Special Areas of Conservation: Third Habitats Directive Reporting Round (2007-2012). CCW Staff Science Report No. 12/8/2. CCW, Bangor.
- Tomlinson ML, Perrow MR. 2003. Ecology of the Bullhead *Cottus gobio*. Conserving Natura 2000 Rivers Ecology Series No. 4. English Nature, Peterborough.
- West R. 2004. River Dee candidate special area of conservation bullhead survey 2004. CCW Review of Consents Report No.19. CCW, Bangor.
- Yeomans WE, Murray DS, Stevenson C, McGillivray C, McColl D, Dodd JA, Thomas, Rh. 2008. Monitoring of bullhead in Welsh SAC rivers: rivers Usk and Wye. CCW Science Report No. 818
- Natural Resources Wales. 2017. National Fish Populations database held on BIOSYS. Accessed December 2017.
- Natural Resources Wales. 2013. Supporting documentation for the Third Report by the United Kingdom under Article 17 on the implementation of the Directive from January 2007 to December 2012 Conservation status assessment for Species: S1163 - Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*).
- NBN Atlas Wales. 2018. Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*) data at <https://nbnatlas.org>. Accessed on 10/03/2018.
- Natural Resources Wales. 2015. Water Watch Wales maps gallery. Cycle 2 waterbodies and rivers. <https://nrw.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=2176397a06d64731af8b21fd69a143f6>
- Utzinger J, Roth C, Peter A. 1998. Effects of environmental parameters on the distribution of bullhead *Cottus gobio* with particular consideration of the effects of obstructions. *Journal of Applied Ecology* 35, 882-892.
- Mills CA & Mann RHK (1983). The bullhead *Cottus gobio*, a versatile and successful fish. *Annual Reports of the Freshwater Biological Association* 51, 76-88.
- Garrett HM. 2018. S1163 Bullhead additional information: NRW statement on bullhead evidence. NRW. Unpub.

## 5. Range

5.1 Surface area (km²)	138680.9
5.2 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018
5.3 Short-term trend Direction	Stable (0)
5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum                      b) Maximum
5.5 Short-term trend Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
5.6 Long-term trend Period	
5.7 Long-term trend Direction	
5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum                      b) Maximum

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

## 5.9 Long-term trend Method used

### 5.10 Favourable reference range

a) Area (km<sup>2</sup>) 138155

b) Operator

c) Unknown

d) Method

The FRR is the same as in 2013. The value is considered to be large enough to support a viable population and no lower than the range estimate when the Habitats Directive came into force in the UK. For further information see the 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document.

### 5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

No change

The change is mainly due to:

### 5.12 Additional information

Bullhead are a common and widespread species across England and Wales. Recording effort for the species is relatively high, although they may be under-recorded in some habitats due to their cryptic nature, habitat preferences, crepuscular behaviour and difficulties in surveying some habitats.

## 6. Population

### 6.1 Year or period

2007-2018

### 6.2 Population size (in reporting unit)

a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value 4273

### 6.3 Type of estimate

Minimum

### 6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)

a) Unit

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value

### 6.5 Type of estimate

### 6.6 Population size Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### 6.7 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

### 6.8 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

### 6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

c) Confidence interval

### 6.10 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### 6.11 Long-term trend Period

### 6.12 Long-term trend Direction

### 6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

c) Confidence interval



# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

## 6.14 Long-term trend Method used

### 6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)

- a) Population size
- b) Operator
- c) Unknown
- d) Method

Approximately equal to (≈)

The FRP has changed since 2013. An FRP operator has been used because it has not been possible to calculate the exact FRP. The FRP is considered to be large enough to maintain a viable population and is no less that when the Habitats Directive came into force in the UK. For further details see the 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document.

### 6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

No change

The change is mainly due to:

## 6.17 Additional information

## 7. Habitat for the species

### 7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

No

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

Unknown

### 7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

### 7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

### 7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

### 7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### 7.6 Long-term trend Period

### 7.7 Long-term trend Direction

### 7.8 Long-term trend Method used

### 7.9 Additional information

Evidence suggests that partial and permanent artificial barriers, as well as poor water quality, still preclude the bullhead returning to parts of its historic range.

## 8. Main pressures and threats

### 8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Freshwater fish and shellfish harvesting (recreational) (G06)	M
Invasive alien species of Union concern (I01)	M
Problematic native species (I04)	M
Mixed source pollution to surface and ground waters (limnic and terrestrial) (J01)	H
Modification of hydrological flow (K04)	H

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

Physical alteration of water bodies (K05)	H
Threat	Ranking
Physical alteration of water bodies (K05)	H
Other climate related changes in abiotic conditions (N09)	M
Hydropower (dams, weirs, run-off-the-river), including infrastructure (D02)	H
Freshwater fish and shellfish harvesting (recreational) (G06)	M
Invasive alien species of Union concern (I01)	M
Problematic native species (I04)	M
Mixed source pollution to surface and ground waters (limnic and terrestrial) (J01)	H
Modification of hydrological flow (K04)	H

## 8.2 Sources of information

## 8.3 Additional information

# 9. Conservation measures

## 9.1 Status of measures

- a) Are measures needed? Yes
- b) Indicate the status of measures Measures identified and taken

## 9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

Restore the habitat of the species (related to 'Habitat for the species')

## 9.3 Location of the measures taken

Both inside and outside Natura 2000

## 9.4 Response to the measures

Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)

## 9.5 List of main conservation measures

- Reduce/eliminate point pollution to surface or ground waters from agricultural activities (CA10)
- Reduce diffuse pollution to surface or ground waters from agricultural activities (CA11)
- Reduce impact of hydropower operation and infrastructure (CC04)
- Management of hunting, recreational fishing and recreational or commercial harvesting or collection of plants (CG02)
- Management, control or eradication of established invasive alien species of Union concern (CI02)
- Reduce impact of mixed source pollution (CJ01)
- Reduce impact of multi-purpose hydrological changes (CJ02)
- Restore habitats impacted by multi-purpose hydrological changes (CJ03)
- Other measures related to mixed source pollution and multi-purpose human-induced changes in hydraulic conditions (CJ04)
- Adopt climate change mitigation measures (CN01)

## 9.6 Additional information

# 10. Future prospects

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

## 10.1 Future prospects of parameters

a) Range	Good
b) Population	Good
c) Habitat of the species	Unknown

## 10.2 Additional information

Future trend of Range is overall stable; Future trend of Population is overall stable; and Future trend of Habitat for the species is overall stable. For further information on how future trends inform the Future prospects conclusion see the 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document.

## 11. Conclusions

### 11.1. Range

Favourable (FV)

### 11.2. Population

Favourable (FV)

### 11.3. Habitat for the species

Unknown (XX)

### 11.4. Future prospects

Favourable (FV)

### 11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

Favourable (FV)

### 11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

Stable (=)

### 11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

#### a) Overall assessment of conservation status

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

#### b) Overall trend in conservation status

Genuine change

The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

### 11.8 Additional information

Conclusion on Range reached because: (i) the short-term trend direction in Range surface area is stable; and (ii) the current Range surface area is not less than the Favourable Reference Range.

Conclusion on Population reached because: (i) the short-term trend direction in Population size is stable; and (ii) the current Population size is approximately equal to the Favourable Reference Population.

Conclusion on Habitat for the species reached because: (i) the area of occupied and unoccupied habitat is unknown and (ii) the habitat quality is unknown for the long-term survival of the species; and (iii) the short-term trend in area of habitat is stable.

Conclusion on Future prospects reached because: (i) the Future prospects for Range are good; (ii) the Future prospects for Population are good; and (iii) the Future prospects for Habitat for the species are unknown.

Overall assessment of Conservation Status is Favourable because three of the conclusions are Favourable and one is Unknown.

Overall trend in Conservation Status is based on the combination of the short-term trends for Range – stable, Population – stable, and Habitat for the species – stable.

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

The Overall assessment of Conservation Status has changed between 2013 and 2019 because the conclusion for Population has changed from Unknown to Favourable, the conclusion for Habitat for the species has changed from Favourable to Unknown and the conclusion for Future prospects has changed from Unknown to Favourable.

The Overall trend in Conservation Status has changed between 2013 and 2019 because the Habitat for the species trend has changed from increasing to stable.

## 12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

a) Unit                      number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)  
b) Minimum  
c) Maximum  
d) Best single value    744

12.2 Type of estimate

Minimum

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

Unknown (x)

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.6 Additional information

## 13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

## Distribution Map

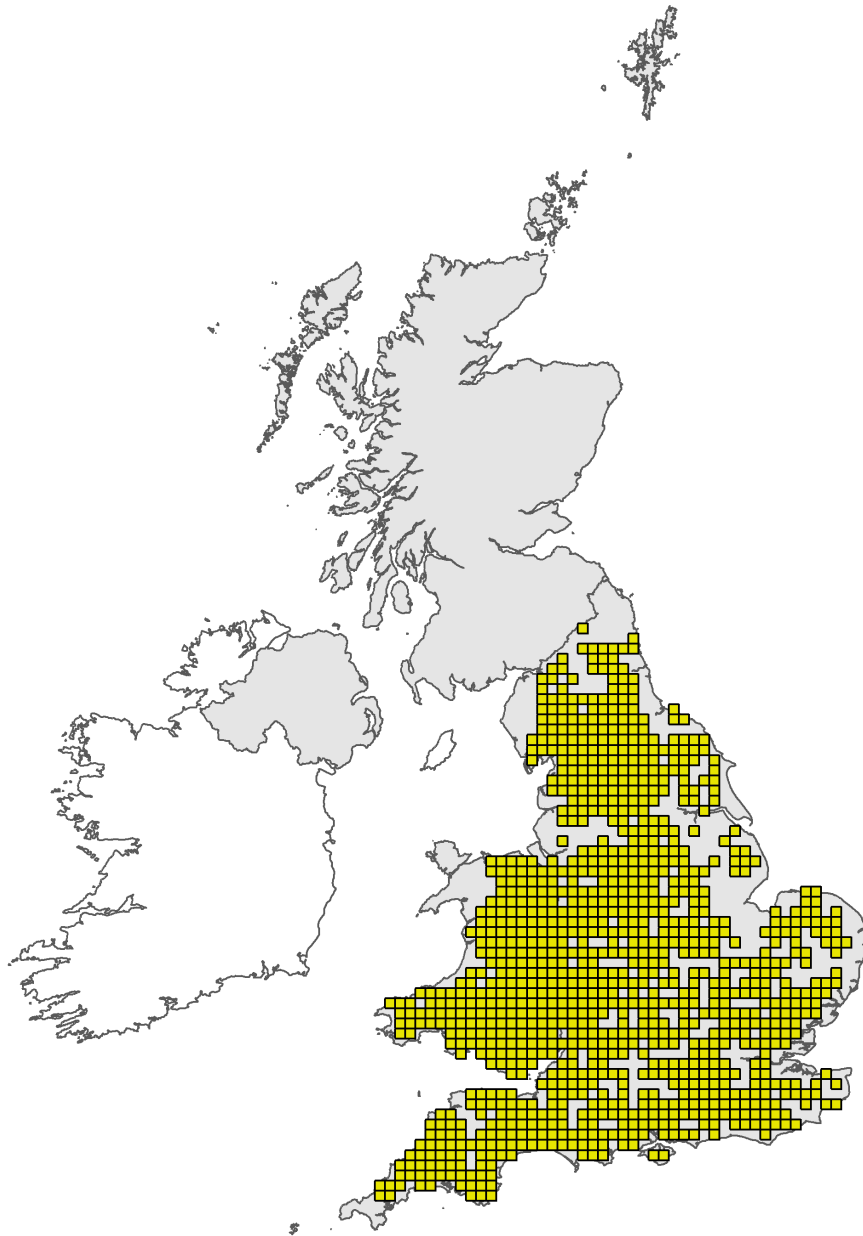


Figure 1: UK distribution map for S6965 - Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*). Coastline boundary derived from the Oil and Gas Authority's OGA and Lloyd's Register SNS Regional Geological Maps (Open Source). Open Government Licence v3 (OGL). Contains data © 2017 Oil and Gas Authority.

The 10km grid square distribution map is based on available species records within the current reporting period. For further details see the 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document.

## Range Map



Figure 2: UK range map for S6965 - Bullhead (*Cottus gobio*). Coastline boundary derived from the Oil and Gas Authority's OGA and Lloyd's Register SNS Regional Geological Maps (Open Source). Open Government Licence v3 (OGL). Contains data © 2017 Oil and Gas Authority.

The range map has been produced by applying a bespoke range mapping tool for Article 17 reporting (produced by JNCC) to the 10km grid square distribution map presented in Figure 1. The alpha value for this species was 25km. For further details see the 2019 Article 17 UK Approach document.